

Ft Myers Knife Club - Last Meeting Update

The November meeting of the Ft. Myers Knife Club had an very sparse attendance. This month's door prizes considered of a Black Hills Steel "Damascus" knife and a Victorinox "Tourist". The Damascus knife went to Vincent Panettieri and the Tourist was won by Jim McDonnell. The monthly 50/50 drawing was not held because of the low attendance. The **BEST SPECIAL** featured knife for the month had no entries.

Next meeting Date: 5th of December – Free Door Prizes Drawing.

Bring your favorite knives for Show & Tell and /or Sell

December's Best Knife: Your favorite Display Knife or Knives.

Bring your best knife to win a Prize

Monthly Knife Show Schedule

SUPPORT YOUR LOCAL GUN & KNIFE SHOWS - GO THIS WEEKEND !!!

Dec 2-3 Tampa - Florida Gun Shows - Florida State Fairgrounds

Dec 9-10 Ft Myers - Florida Gun Shows - Lee Civic Center

Dec 16-17 Naples - 2 Guys Gun & Knife Show - Naples Sports Park

Dec 16-17 West Palm Beach - Sports Show Specialists

For Additional Florida Shows see Web site: gunshowtrader.com/gunshows/florida-gun-shows/

Excellent Display of a KA-BAR Knife





FMKC WEB SITE

https://mgmikutis.com/knifeclub/main.html



New Site

CLUB OFFICERS

Bill Cyphert, Pres - (239) 851-0666 # Casey Philibert - Vice Pres (239) 565-5339 # Russ Smegal - Sec/Treas (239) 233-5611



Barlow Knife — Living History

One of the most popular folding knives known today is the so-called 'Barlow' knife. These are small multipurpose knives, which originally became widespread in America and Canada in the 18th century. In fact - they became the main competitors of Swiss folding multi-purpose knives, with the same long history and solid reputation.

It is not known precisely when Barlow knives appeared on the market. The first production is believed to have started in England, in the Sheffield area, around 1670. The first copies were produced in the factory of English business-woman Obadiah Barlow. The folding knife was originally produced as a single-blade knife and only later received two blades. From the beginning of production it was aimed at mass sales and was inexpensive. The carbon steel was common for that time and the handle was made of bone and had rather large metal bolster. As early as the 18th century, around 1745, knives began to be exported to America. At that time the quality of knives was considered high and possession of them was obligatory for almost every man.

Their popularity in the US is strongly connected to a story from the life of the first president, George Washington, who was given a Barlow knife by his mother when he was young and since then, Washington has carried it with him at all times. The knife was engraved, "Always obey your elders". In the winter of 1777, while the main Continental Army was stationed at Valley Forge, at one of the most important moments in the War of Independence, he planned to give up command of the army, despite pleas from his seniors not to do so. It is believed that Washington remembered his knife and torn up his resignation letter. It is not known to what extent this legend influenced sales growth, but the popularity of the knife in the 19th century was very high. Historians note that it was used everywhere and became almost a national symbol, although it was produced abroad.

In 1875, John Russell's company set up its own production of folding knives in the United States, along the lines of the Barlow Knife. The company already had a reputation in the kitchen knife market and was one of the most technologically advanced companies in its industry. Steam engines and state-of-the-art mechanical hammers were used at the factory. The manufacturer quickly developed a range of folding knives which were recognisable by the letter 'R' with an arrow, which became a classic today. The Russell Company divided knives into two main groups: standard, 3.8 inch (96mm) in folded form, and larger, 5 inch (127mm) in folded form, the so-called 'Daddy Barlow'. The popularity of the company's products in the US was constantly growing, primarily due to the affordable price, which was not increased for several decades and was not more than one dollar per knife. But despite the cheapness and affordability it was the Barlow knives that were most exposed to counterfeiting throughout the country. Most fakes were exact replicas of Russell knives, but some manufacturers experimented with sizes, blade shapes and handle materials. As the materials and assembly of the original knives were very simple, it was often quite impossible to distinguish them from a good copy.







Notice: Receive your monthly newsletter via e-mail instead of snail mail. Contact the club secretary, Russ Smegal at: rsmegal@comcast.net By doing this you will save the club the newsletter mailing cost.